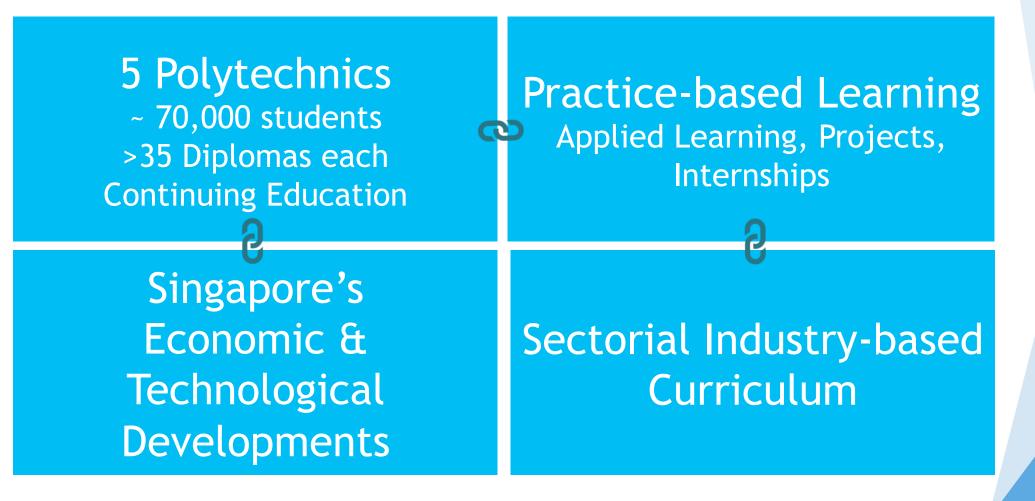


USING PROJECT-BASED ONLINE LEARNING FOR SUSTAINABILITY EDUCATION

Scene Setting - Context



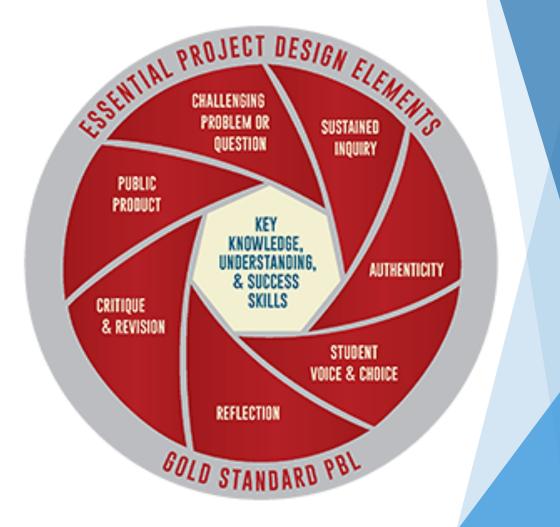
Scene Setting - Definitions

Buck Institute of Education

Project-based learning

is a teaching method, in which students gain knowledge and skills by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to a complex question, problem, or challenge.

http://bie.org/resources



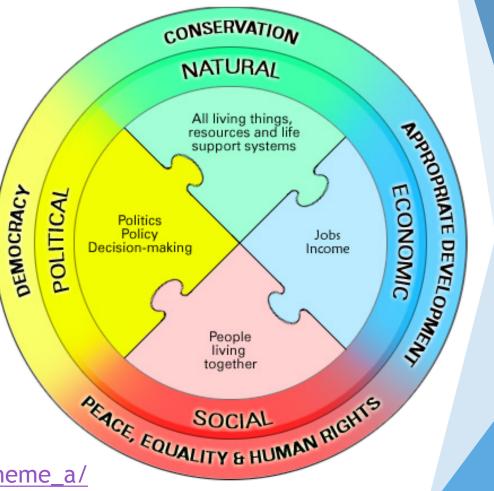
Scene Setting - Definitions

Decade of Education for Sustainable Development (2005 to 2014) - lead agency, UNESCO

Higher Education Sustainability Initiative (HESI) was created through a partnership of UN entities - UNESCO, UN-DESA, UNEP, Global Compact, and UNU

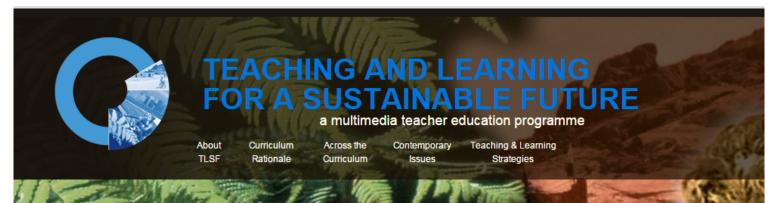
Multiple Definitions due to Different Dimensions <u>http://www.unesco.org/education/tlsf/mods/theme_a/</u>

interact/mod02task04/mod02task04.htm



Definition			nsions	
Definition	Social	Economic	Ecological	Political
Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Source: World Commission on Environment and Development (1987) <i>Our Common Future</i> , Oxford University Press, Oxford.	1 () 2 () 3 ()			
A primary goal of sustainable development is to achieve a reasonable (however defined) level of fairly distributed economic well-being that can be maintained for many human generations. Source: Goodland, R. and Ledoc, G. (1987) Neoclassical economics and principles of sustainable development, <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , Vol. 38.	1 () 2 () 3 ()			
Sustainable development means the will to follow a rational approach to economic policies; to show respect for future generations by integrating concern for environmental protection into decision-making; and progressively to evolve towards the full participation of all concerned actors. Source: Barboza, N. (2000) Educating for a sustainable future: Africa in action, <i>Prospects</i> , 30(1), pp. 71-85.	1 () 2 () 3 ()			
The simplest definition of a sustainable activity is that it can be continued for the foreseeable future. And this has at least three dimensions: it means not unreasonably depleting natural resources, not producing waste products that significantly alter natural systems, and not undermining social stability. Source: Lowe, I. (1990) 'Sustainable development: How do we get there?' <i>Australian Society</i> , June, No. 5.	1 () 2 () 3 ()			
 Sustainable development means: ensuring self-sustaining improvements in productivity and quality of life of communities and societies; ensuring that production processes do not overexploit the natural resource base and compromise the quality of the environment, thus limiting the options of the poor, the present and future generations; and ensuring that people have basic human rights and freedoms to participate societies. 	1 () 2 () 3 ()			
Source: Singh, N. and Titi, V. (1995) Empowerment: Towards Sustainable Development, Zed Books, London, p. 8.				

Sidetrack - Resource



Teaching and Learning for a Sustainable Future is a UNESCO programme for the United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development. It provides professional development for student teachers, teachers, curriculum developers, education policy makers, and authors of educational materials. The modules are divided into 4 themes. More ...

THEME 1

CURRICULUM RATIONALE

These modules present an introduction to the global realities, imperatives for sustainable development and educational issues that form the rationale of Education for a Sustainable Future.

- 1. Exploring global realities
- 2. Understanding sustainable development
- 3. A futures perspective in the curriculum
- 4. Reorienting education for a sustainable future
- 5. Accepting the challenge

THEME 2

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT ACROSS THE CURRICULUM

These modules illustrate ways in which Education for Sustainable Development can be integrated into all areas of the curriculum, especially into cross curriculum themes such as health and consumer education.

- 6. Sustainable futures across the curriculum
- 7. Citizenship education
- 8. Health education
- 9. Consumer education

http://www.unesco.org/education/tlsf/

RATIONALE

Education for Sustainability requires:

- Multi-disciplinary approach
- Participatory learning
- High orders of thinking

Project-based Learning requires:

- Challenging question
- Sustained inquiry
- Critique & Revision, Reflection

Can technology use lead to more socially aware and responsible learners?

If Project-based Learning goes
Online, can it extend learning about sustainability?

Research Questions

Can project-based online learning be utilised to help learners gain the tenets espoused by an education for sustainability vis-à-vis the frequently used case study approach?

Can the project-based learning approach, which is by nature, collaborative and experiential, result in social capital that successfully transforms into learning about social equity?

Study Design

61 Year 2 Business Students taking the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Elective or involved in CSR activities

31 Students

- 15 Face-to-face Tutorials
- Elearning
- Case studies
- End-of-Course Project (6 groups)

30 students (6 groups)

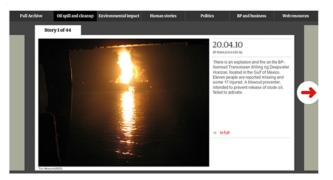
- 8 Face-to-face Tutorials
- 7 Online Consultations
- Project-based Online Learning
- End-of-Course Project

Pre-survey (April), Mid-point survey (June), Post-survey (August)

Sustainability	Sustainability	Learning	
Knowledge	Actions	Experience	

Case Studies

BMS232 Case Study



http://www.theguardian.com/environment/bp-oil-spill http://www.theguardian.com/environment/interactive/2010/jul/08/bp -oil-spill-timeline-interactive

In the BP Oil Spill, more than 200 million gallons of crude oil was pumped into the Gulf of Mexico for a total of 87 days, making it the biggest oil spill in U.S. history. 16,000 total miles of coastline have been affected, including the coasts of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida. Even though the gushing well was capped in July 2010, oil is still washing up on shores, which might cause longterm damages to people living in the area. The initial oil rig explosion killed 11 people and injured 17 others. **Discuss what are BP's responsibilities?**

BMS232 Case Study



In the wake of the horrific clothing factory building collapse which killed as many as 800 workers near Dhaka, Bangladesh, international brand name retailers whose apparel products may have been produced there are under mounting pressure both to contribute to a compensation fund and to provide financial support for improving safety at some of the country's 4,000 garment factories.

Discuss:

- Who should take responsible?
- Who should pay?
- How do you compensate victims?

BMS232 Case Study

>> ASIAONE / SPECIALS / Can you live with FOREIGN WORKERS?

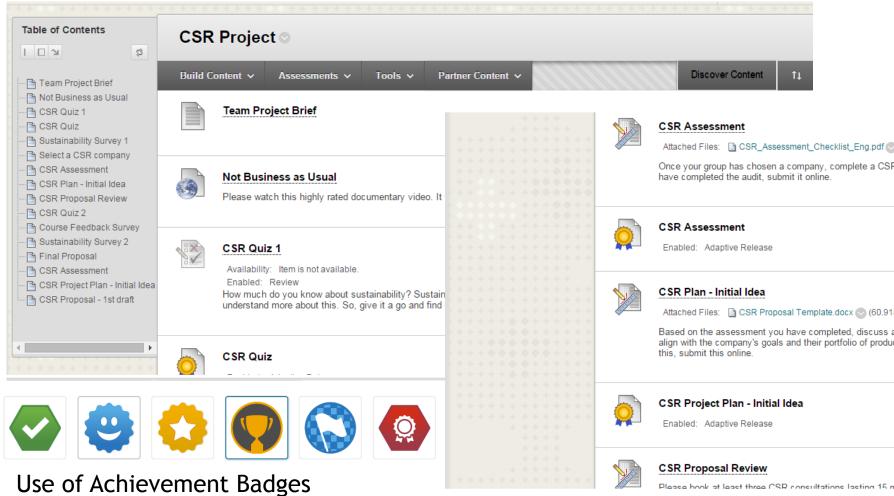


Serangoon Gardens residents were unhappy that a vacant plot of land may be used as a dorm.

They cite congestion, crime and loss of property value. More than 500 residents signed the petition.

You are the MP for the area. What will you do?

PBOL



Attached Files: CSR_Assessment_Checklist_Eng.pdf 😒 (1.887 MB)

Once your group has chosen a company, complete a CSR assessment of their current activities using the attached checklist. Once you

Attached Files: CSR Proposal Template.docx (60.918 KB)

Based on the assessment you have completed, discuss and propose an initial idea for a CSR programme. The CSR programme should align with the company's goals and their portfolio of products and services. A proposal template is attached. Once you have completed

Please book at least three CSR consultations lasting 15 mins each with me over the next three weeks to review your CSR proposal

PBOL Digital Tools

- Blackboard
 - Blogs
 - Journals
 - Assignments
 - Surveys & Tests
 - Achievement Badges
- Google Docs, Slides
- Microsoft Word Online, PowerPoint Online
- Abode Connect
- Google Hangout

Pre-survey

MCQ

26 Questions

NS - Not Sure

No Googling allowed

Category	Торіс	Qxn Count	CS (n= 3		PBOL (n=30)			
		(1 mark)	^r k) Mean		Mean		Mean	
			Score	NS	Score	NS		
Founding	Basic Definitions	2	0.78	7	0.66	9		
Principles	Basic Concepts	2	0.76	3	0.67	8		
Environment	Biodiversity	2	0.61	8	0.54	11		
	Climate	2	1.42	0	1.32	2		
	Pollution	2	1.14	3	1.01	4		
	Resource	2	1.24	2	1.09	6		
Social	Rights	2	0.99	9	0.81	9		
	Healthcare	2	1.37	6	1.21	7		
	Community	2	1.66	0	1.53	1		
	Poverty	2	1.24	0	1.21	1		
Economy	Growth	2	1.23	0	1.24	1		
	Green Economy	2	0.55	16	0.65	17		
	Corruption	2	0.71	4	0.78	2		

Sustainability Knowledge

Pre-survey

Last Month

Yes/No

If yes, estimate how many times

Sustainability Actions						
Actions	CS (n= 31)		PBOL (n=30			
	Count %	Mean Freq.	Count %	Mean Freq.		
Recycled	45%	6	53%	7		
Refused Plastic (Bags and Bottles)	90 %	16	93%	12		
Meatless, Vegetarian Meals	6%	90	3%	90		
Took Cold Showers	16%	37	20%	45		
Set AC to 25 °C	16%	34	17%	37		
Spoke up to defend someone	48 %	5	33%	7		
Lied (proxy for antisocial behaviour)	77%	12	67 %	9		
Volunteered or Donated	32%	3	23%	6		
Takeaways (proxy for wastefulness)	90 %	12	83%	21		

Mid-point Survey

MCQ

26 Questions

Different, Deeper Questions

NS - Not Sure

Sustainability Knowledge

Category	Торіс	CS (n= 31)			PBOL (n=30)		
		Меа	Mean Delta		Mean		Delta
		Score	NS		Score	NS	
Founding Principles	Basic Definitions	1.33	0	28 %	1.24	0	29 %
	Basic Concepts	1.46	0	35%	1.33	0	33%
Environment	Biodiversity	1.11	5	25%	1.05	4	26%
	Climate	1.51	0	5%	1.6	2	14%
	Pollution	1.19	3	3%	1.24	1	12%
	Resource	1.31	4	4%	1.41	0	16%
Social	Rights	1.11	4	6%	1.11	3	15%
	Healthcare	1.41	0	2%	1.33	0	6%
	Community	1.65	1	-1%	1.66	0	6%
	Poverty	1.26	1	1%	1.34	1	7 %
Economy	Growth	1.33	2	5%	1.41	1	9 %
	Green Economy	1	4	23%	1.18	2	27%
	Corruption	1.25	3	27%	1.19	2	21%

Mid-point Survey

Last Month

Yes/No

If yes, estimate how many times

Sustainability Actions							
Actions	CS (n= 31)			PBOL (n=30)			
	Count %	Mean Freq.	Delta	Count %	Mean Freq.	Delta	
Recycled	53%	7	8%	55%	13	2%	
Refused Plastic (Bags and Bottles)	93%	21	3%	9 4%	14	1%	
Meatless, Vegetarian Meals	13%	74	7%	23%	67	20%	
Took Cold Showers	21%	23	5%	32%	33	12%	
Set AC to 25 °C	22%	37	6 %	61%	37	44%	
Spoke up to defend someone	51%	11	3%	45%	7	12%	
Lied (proxy for antisocial behaviour)	64%	6	-13%	58 %	9	-9 %	
Volunteered or Donated	34%	2	2%	29 %	6	6 %	
Takeaways (proxy for wastefulness)	75%	8	-15%	39 %	21	-44%	

Suctainability Actions

Mid-point Survey

Likert Scale (1 - disagree > 6 - Agree)

Category	Торіс	CS (n= 31)	PBOL (n=30)	
		Mean	Mean	
Knowledge	My knowledge about sustainability has increased.	5.12	5.12	
Gain	The learning activities helped me learn topics quicker.	4.61	4.45	
	I have a deeper understanding about sustainability.	3.78	4.42	
Collaborative	My group had numerous discussions about our project.	3.98	4.61	
Outcomes	My group challenged each other to do more.	4.51	4.64	
	My group discussions helped me understand more.	4.36	5.33	
	My group produced work I am proud of.	3.36	4.87	
Critique	I learned how to speak up and be heard.	3.78	4.12	
	I respected ideas and contributions from others.	4.33	4.59	
	I gave constructive feedback.	3.82	4.33	
Reflective Practice	The learning activities made me more conscious about my actions.	4.33	4.67	
Tuctice	I am more involved in contributing to the community and the environment	3.81	4.29	
	I know what my values are and I act on them.	4.76	5.01	

Learning Experience

Post-Survey The Sustainability Test

To be conducted in August

PENDING

Sustainability Literacy Test



HOME THE TEST ORGANISATIO





SENIOR ADVISORY BOARD (SAB)

SAB comprises UN entities, HESI endorsers and international academic networks.

> > See SAB

Click here to find out whether your university/college is registered

FAQ

Join the Community



The Rio+20 Conference highlighted the role that Higher Education Institutions bear in the pursuit of sustainable development. One of the most relevant



The Sustainability Literacy Test is a Multiple Choice Questionnaire. 50 MCQ's are randomly selected out of a wide range covering the basic knowledge



Beyond the voluntary contributions of several institutions, the deployment of this assessment is possible thanks to the support of the Foundation for Sustainable



To take the test, you must create an account with the examination session number/code sent by your university/college

• Don't have an account? click here

http://www.sulite.org/

Interim Analysis

- PBOL is just as effective
- PBOL is more engaging
- PBOL encourages prosocial action
- PBOL was preferred by academically weaker students
- PBOL may be less preferred by academically stronger students
- PBOL helped academically weaker students do better
- Suggests that PBOL could be a equaliser